

CIWM (WAMITAB) Level 4 Medium Risk Operator Competence for Non-Hazardous Clinical Waste Transfer

Version 5, September 2023

Qualification Code: 601/8524/7

CIWM Code: MROC16

**Maximum Guided Learning Hours: 35** 

**Total Qualification Time:** 99

Waste facilities covered:

Non-Hazardous Clinical Waste Transfer

Together, we stand for a world beyond waste



#### **About CIWM and this Handbook**

#### **About CIWM**

CIWM is an awarding organisation and charity that develops qualifications for those working in cleaning, street cleansing, facilities management, resource management, recycling and parking from operative through to management level.

As the leading professional body for resource and waste professionals, CIWM (Chartered Institution of Wastes Management) is the voice of the sector and represents over 5,500 individuals in the UK and overseas.

CIWM has a unique understanding of the sector. Our professional knowledge and trusted reputation enables us to inform and influence legislation and policy, playing a vital part in shaping the future role and reputation of the sector.

#### **Equal Opportunities**

CIWM supports the principles of equal opportunities, and we are committed to meeting these principles in the provision of all our qualifications and assessments. We firmly believe that all learners and stakeholders are therefore entitled to receive equal treatment irrespective of age, sex, race, marital status, religion, disability, or sexual orientation.

#### The Purpose of this Qualification Handbook

Welcome to your CIWM Qualification Handbook. This will help you to complete your qualification. It contains:

- The units you need to achieve to complete your qualification.
- Information about your responsibilities as a candidate.
- Reference information covering each learning outcome and assessment criteria.

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## **Candidate Information**

Name	
CIWM Learner Number	
Registration Date	
Enrolment Date	
Centre Name	
Centre Address	
Centre Contact	
Cernie Condici	
Tutor Name	

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### **Frequently Asked Questions**

#### What is a regulated qualification?

A regulated qualification demonstrates that you have the knowledge, skills and/or understanding to meet the standards expected by employers in your industry. Your qualification is recognised by CIWM and one or more of the educational regulators across the UK.

#### What is the objective of this qualification?

This qualification is part of the CIWM/WAMITAB Operator Competence Scheme and is designed to provide technically competent people with the knowledge and skills to ensure waste sites comply with either:

- Environmental Permitting Regulations (England and Wales) 2007
- The Waste Management Licensing (Amendment) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2015

Achievement of this qualification demonstrates competence by the learner to manage permitted waste facilities in England, Wales and Northern Ireland.

#### Who is it for?

- Technically competent managers (TCM)
- Consultants
- Site managers and supervisors

#### What are the entry requirements of this qualification?

This qualification is open entry. This means that learners interested in undertaking this qualification do not require any other qualifications or levels of attainment in order to take this qualification.

#### What job role could this qualification lead to or support?

This qualification is ideal for new or experienced people managing waste and resource management operations that require evidence of their competence, knowledge and skills to ensure waste sites comply with the relevant legislation in England, Wales or Northern Ireland. Once you have achieved your Operator Competence qualification, you will be required to pass a Continuing Competence assessment every two years if you wish to act as the recognised technically competent manager (TCM) on a waste site. All TCM's must be able to demonstrate that they have kept their knowledge and skills up to date.

#### What do I need to achieve?

To achieve this qualification, you will need to complete the six mandatory units.

#### Mandatory Unit Group

- Maintain health and safety in the waste and resource management industry (OCS01)
- Manage the environmental impact of work activities (OCS02)
- Manage the movement, sorting and storage of waste (OCS05)
- Control work activities on a waste management facility (OCS06)
- Manage the reception of non-hazardous waste (OC\$12)

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 Manage Transfer and Disposal from Non-Hazardous Clinical Waste Transfer and Recovery Operations (OCS25)

#### What is a unit?

The units of a qualification describe what you must be able to do and understand to perform work activities competently in your job role.

- Learning outcomes: describe what tasks you will be able to do as a result of learning.
- Assessment criteria: describe what activities you will need to do and what you must know to complete each task.

#### What is a CIWM (WAMITAB) Qualifications Centre?

You will gain your qualification through a CIWM (WAMITAB)
Qualifications Centre. It may be your place of work, a local college or training provider. Assessment of your qualification will be carried out at your place of work and the centre is responsible for the administration.
Centre staff will therefore:

- Register you with CIWM.
- Provide a registration number.
- Apply for your certificate when you have completed your qualification or units.

#### How long will it take?

You have two years to complete your qualification from the date of registration, but your centre may have some requirements that they will explain to you.

Who will help me achieve my qualification?

The following people at the CIWM (WAMITAB) Qualifications Centre will help you to achieve your qualification:

#### **Your Assessor**

The assessor is the person you will have the most contact with as you work towards your qualification. They will:

- Help you identify any training you need.
- Help you plan your workload and organise your evidence.
- Observe you carrying out your job in the workplace over a period of time.
- Ask questions about the work you do.
- Make decisions about your evidence.
- Judge when you are competent.
- Provide feedback.

#### **Internal Quality Assurer**

The internal quality assurer maintains the quality of assessment within the centre.

#### **External Quality Assurer**

An external quality assurer is employed by CIWM to ensure that your centre meets the required national standards for quality and assessment.

#### What are my responsibilities as a learner?

You will need to:

- Provide your centre with your personal details so they can register you with CIWM
- Comply with health and safety law and regulations



#### What steps will I need to take to complete my qualification?

- 1. **Planning:** Your assessor will tell you about the mandatory units of the qualification and will help you to select relevant optional units.
- 2. **Evidence:** You will gather evidence for your portfolio (see next question for types of evidence).
- 3. **Feedback:** Your assessor will provide regular feedback on your progress and will arrange for additional training if needed. When your assessor confirms you are competent after an assessment, it will be recorded in your handbook.
- Achievement: Once you have completed all the units and gathered all the evidence you need, your centre will apply for your CIWM certificate.

#### What are the evidence requirements for this qualification?

The primary sources of evidence for this qualification are:

**Observation (O):** Direct observation or witness testimony where direct observation is not possible. Where this evidence type has been

suggested against Assessment Criteria which require the candidate to explain or describe, the assessor must hear or observe the explanation/description (directly or being delivered to others) or see it in writing. The assessor must not infer that the candidate can explain/describe based purely on observation.

**Question and Answer (Q/A):** candidate statements, verbal questioning, professional discussion, written questions, product evidence supported by questioning

**Simulation / Realistic working environment (S/R):** Should be used as a last resort where allowed. Please see the Energy and Utility Skills Assessment Strategy for further information.

Where do I go if I need more information about my qualification and assessments?

- Your assessor
- Your qualification workbook
- CIWM

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## **Useful Words**

Instructional verbs	Definition	
Assessment Criteria	These specify the standard that you are expected to meet to demonstrate that you have achieved the Learning Outcome. Assessment criteria are detailed enough to allow judgments to be made about your competence.	
Awarding Organisation	To have a qualification recognised in the UK it must be accredited through an awarding body. These organisations are regulated by Ofqual in England, Qualifications Wales, CCEA in Northern Ireland and SQA in Scotland to ensure that you receive a high quality, recognised qualification upon completion of the course.	
CIWM	An Awarding Organisation for a wide range of qualifications in waste management and recycling, cleaning and street cleansing, facilities management, and parking. CIWM is responsible for ensuring the on-going quality of the delivery and assessment of qualifications, and issues certificates to learners upon completion. We have over 25 years of experience developing and quality assuring qualifications, training, and course materials.	
CIWM (WAMITAB) Qualifications Centre	These centres are training organisations that have met our strict quality standards and have been approved to deliver our qualifications to learners. They include private providers, colleges of further education, employers, and prisons.	
Competence	Competence, in relation to the qualification, describes your ability to consistently be able to undertake work activities, know and understand work-related tasks as per the requirements set out in the standards.	
Learner	A person who is registered to work towards achievement of a qualification – i.e. you!	
Learning Outcome	These set out what you will be expected to know, understand or be able to do. Each learning outcome relates to one or more assessment criteria, and together they set a clear assessment standard for each unit.	
Multiple Choice Tests	A form of assessment where learners are asked to select the best possible answer from the list provided.	
Tutor	A person employed to instruct an individual or small group on a particular topic. Tutors that deliver knowledge and understanding qualifications and units should have relevant competence and experience in the subject that they are delivering and have experience of delivering vocational learning.	
Units – Mandatory and Optional	Units form the building blocks of all qualifications that are nationally regulated on the Qualification Credit Framework. Units are small chunks of learning that focus on specific aspects of knowledge, skills and understanding.  Mandatory units are those that you must achieve, and Optional units offer a range of subjects that you may choose between.	
Vocational	A qualification is vocational when it relates directly to the skills, knowledge and understanding required to undertake a specific or broad job role.	

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## **Unit Terms**

Instructional verbs	Definition	
Adapt	To change something to make suitable for new purpose.	
Advise	To inform someone about a fact or situation formally or officially.	
Analyse	To look at something (e.g. a process) and use given classifications or principles to gain a further understanding.	
Apply	To put something into action. A "doing" task which requires "real" evidence from a workplace scenario.	
Assess	To offer a reasoned judgement of the standard, quality of situation or ability informed by relevant facts.	
Brief	To instruct or inform someone thoroughly to prepare them.	
Carry out	To undertake an activity of a practical nature.	
Check	To verify or establish. To examine something in order to confirm its accuracy, quality or condition.	
Collect	To bring or gather together.	
Communicate	To share or exchange information, news or ideas by speech, writing etc	
Compare	To look at the characteristics of an item or activity and note the similarities and differences.	
Complete	To finish.	
Comply	To act in accordance with specified standards or requirements.	
Conduct	To do or carry out.	
Confirm	To check if something is true, correct, completed or in place.	
Consult	To seek information or advice from an expert or professional. To have discussions with someone before	
	undertaking a course of action.	
Critically Compare	To look at the characteristics of an item or situation, note the similarities and differences and their respective	
	positive and negative aspects. In some cases, this can include the use of the comparison in context as the basis	
	for decision making.	
Define	Provide a generally recognised or accepted definition.	
Demonstrate	To clearly show e.g. by practical exhibition (in real time) and/or historic evidence. These would normally be	
	accompanied by an explanation.	
Describe	Provide a vivid picture of what it is by using imagery, adjectives and adverbs to make the subject easy to	
	understand. It may also convey an idea or fact.	
Determine	To find out or decide e.g. what is relevant. To find a solution by following a set of procedures. To calculate a	
	numeric value.	
Develop	Build a process or activity or understanding either from scratch or using an existing product to create something	
	workable.	
Differentiate/ Distinguish	To look at the characteristics of an item or situation/activity and explain the differences.	

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Discuss	To give an account that addresses a range of ideas and arguments.	
Ensure	To make certain that something will occur or is the case.	
Establish	To set up.	
Evaluate/ Justify	To look at whatever the required content/process is and suggest other relevant, significant or possible outcomes.	
	It is the process of exploring, checking and suggesting a likely outcome with reasons.	
Examine	To look at, inspect or scrutinise carefully.	
Explain	To provide a comprehensive answer that shows an understanding of the content/process mentioned. The answer	
	should include: what it is, how it works, what it looks like, what it does, how it happens, why it happens and any	
	relevant reasons.	
Follow	To be guided by instructions.	
Give	To supply/provide without explanation.	
Identify	This requires the learner to list and describe what is required or relevant to produce an outcome, or requires the	
	learner to make choices to achieve a particular aspect of their job. At Level 4, this would require the learner to	
	say what is available, make the choice and then to explain or justify why the choice was made.	
Implement	To put something into practice after the development process has taken place. This ensures that the	
	product/process is actually employed and/or used by self and others during work activities.	
Inform	To give someone facts or information.	
Keep	To have or retain possession of something.	
List	To produce a number of relevant items which apply to the question. Further description is not required.	
Maintain	To enable something to continue. To keep something in good condition.	
Make	To create, produce or form something.	
Manage	After a development process ensure that the product/process works using relevant management techniques.	
Minimise	To reduce something to the smallest possible amount or degree.	
Monitor	To check if a process or activity is carried out correctly.	
Notify	To inform someone of something in a formal or official manner.	
Obtain	Acquire.	
Organise	To arrange systematically. To coordinate activities. To make arrangements or preparations.	
Outline	A description setting out main characteristics or points.	
Plan	To consider, set out and communicate what needs to be done.	
Prepare	To make ready for use or consideration. To create in advance.	
Process	A systematic series of actions.	
Produce	To create, manufacture or make something.	
Promote	To support or actively encourage. To further progress.	
Propose	To put forward an idea, plan or suggestion for consideration.	

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Provide	To make available or supply.
Recognise	To be aware of, familiar with and able to identify an activity or product.
Recommend	To suggest or put something forward as being suitable for a particular purpose or role with reasons why.
Rectify	To correct or put right.
Refer	To pass the matter to the responsible person for a decision.
Reflect	To look back upon and appraise.
Report	To prepare a detailed account or statement about an event or topic.
Request	To formally ask for something.
Research	To investigate/study to establish facts and reach a conclusion.
Resolve	To settle or find a solution to a problem.
Respond	To react quickly or positively to something.
Review	To formally assess something with the intension of instituting change if required.
Secure	To obtain something e.g. commitment from colleagues.
Seek	To ask for something from someone.
Select	To carefully choose the most suitable option for a task/purpose.
Set up	To prepare a system or set of equipment for operation.
Specify	To state a fact or requirement clearly and precisely.
State	To express something definitely or clearly in speech or writing.
Suggest	To give possible alternatives, produce or put forward an idea/plan.
Summarise	To give a brief statement in your own words of the main points.
Take action/ measures/ steps	To do something to achieve an aim or deal with a problem.
Train	To teach a person a particular skill or type of behaviour through practice and instruction.
Undertake	To take part in or carry out an activity/task.
Use	To apply information or prior learning. To put into service or action. To employ for a given purpose.



## SECTION 1 – Mandatory Unit Group

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# Maintain health and safety in the waste and resource management industry (OCS01)

Level: 4		Evidence	Portfolio Ref	Comments
Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Туре	No	
1. Know the requirements of health and safety legislation in the waste and resource management industry.	<ul> <li>1.1. Explain the main legal requirements of health and safety legislation on waste and resource management facilities, in relation to: <ul> <li>employers</li> <li>employees</li> <li>others</li> </ul> </li> <li>1.2. Describe the different sources of reliable health and safety information.</li> <li>1.3. Identify how to locate current health and safety information.</li> <li>1.4. Describe the main features and legal requirements for: <ul> <li>fire risk assessment</li> <li>Plan for managing emergencies</li> <li>CoSHH</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Туре		
	<ul><li>PUWER</li><li>LOLER</li></ul>			
	DSEAR			
2. Understand the hazards, risks, control	2.1. Explain the difference between a hazard and a risk.			
measures and	2.2. Explain how to complete a risk assessment.			
monitoring associated	2.3. Explain the difference between a formal			
with a waste and	and dynamic risk assessment.			
resource	2.4. Explain the hierarchy of 'control measures'.			-
management environment.	2.5. Describe the characteristics of hazardous substances and their warning labels.			

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	2.4 State the types of personal protective	
	2.6. State the types of personal protective	
	equipment (PPE) required and how they	
	must be used, maintained, and stored.	
	2.7. Identify the main causes of accidents and	
	incidents in the workplace.	
	2.8. Explain how to carry out an accident and	
	incident investigation in line with current	
	regulator guidance.	
3. Be able to make sure	3.1. Conduct a risk assessment and implement	
that hazards and risks	the control measures.	
are controlled safely	3.2. Maintain accurate records of workplace	
and effectively on	irregularities.	
site.		
3116.	3.3. Check other people are aware of	
	hazards/risks and the actions to minimise	
	them.	
	3.4. Identify the relevant person in the	
	workplace to whom hazards should be	
	reported.	
	3.5. Confirm that precautions to control risks	
	have been agreed with the people	
	responsible for health and safety on site.	
	3.6. Review to make sure all recommended	
	actions have been taken.	
4. Be able to implement	4.1. Implement workplace health and safety	
organisational health	procedures in relation to:	
and safety	<ul> <li>safe use of plant, machinery, and</li> </ul>	
procedures on site.	equipment	
procedures on site.	safe use of chemicals	
	• fire risk	
	• first aid	
	<ul> <li>supervision of visitors and contractors</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>supervision of visitors and confractors</li> <li>vehicle movements</li> </ul>	
	any other site-specific hazards as	
	detailed on risk assessments	



	4.2. Ensure procedures are in place to check the health and safety competence of employees.	
	4.3. Conduct monitoring of the workplace at agreed intervals and in accordance with workplace instructions.	
	4.4. Respond to any breaches of health and safety.	
	4.5. Identify training needs for self and others and put plans in place to address them.	
5. Be able to monitor and review safety on	5.1 Review performance of health and safety on site.	
site.	5.2 Request feedback on health and safety performance from relevant people.	
	5.3 Make recommendations for any changes to organisational procedures to maintain health and safety on site.	



## Manage the environmental impact of work activities (OCS02)

Level: 4	Level: 4		Portfolio Ref	Comments
Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Туре	No	
Understand the legal and organisational requirements for managing the environmental impact of work activities.	<ul> <li>1.1. Describe the legislative requirements, codes of practice and guidance applicable to the transfer and transport of waste from the site.</li> <li>1.2. Explain the organisational procedures for managing the environmental impact of work activities.</li> </ul>			
2. Understand how to assess the environmental impact of work activities and how this can be minimised.	<ul> <li>2.1. Explain how to assess the impact of work activities and resources in the environment, including risk analysis.</li> <li>2.2. Explain what specialist advice is available to manage the environmental impact of work activities.</li> <li>2.3. Explain how to minimise the environmental impact of work activities.</li> <li>2.4. Explain how to monitor the environmental impact of work activities.</li> </ul>			
3. Understand the legal and organisational requirements for managing the risk of fires on site.	3.1. Explain the legal requirements and current guidance for managing the risk of fires on site.  3.2. Explain the organisational procedures for managing the risk of fires on site.			
Be able to assess and report on the environmental impact of work	4.1. Assess the environmental impact on your site of:  • work activities  • resource use			

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	activities in own area of responsibility.	<ul> <li>4.2. Review existing control measures for minimising site environmental impacts of: <ul> <li>work activities</li> <li>resource use</li> </ul> </li> <li>4.3. Analyse the effectiveness of the existing control measures and make recommendations for any improvements including those for: <ul> <li>work activities</li> <li>resource use</li> </ul> </li> <li>4.4. Produce a report on the environmental impact of work activities and resource use, with recommendations for improvement.</li> </ul>
5.	Be able to organise work activities and resource use to	5.1. Organise resources in own area of responsibility to reduce environmental impact.
	minimise environmental impact.	5.2. Organise work activities in own area of responsibility to reduce environmental impact.
6.	Be able to promote on-going	6.1. Monitor the environmental impact of work activities.
	improvement in environmental performance.	6.2. Establish ways to identify and report opportunities for improving environmental performance.
		6.3. Communicate on-going environmental performance.
7.	Be able to implement fire prevention controls and	7.1. Identify the types and locations of combustible and flammable materials on site.
	measures on site.	7.2. Identify the types and locations of potential ignition sources on site.
		7.3. Identify existing control measures aimed at reducing the risk of fire and the impact should fire occur.



7.4. Review the effectiveness of the existing		
control measures and make		
recommendations for any improvements.		
7.5. Ensure control measures are implemented		
on site to reduce the risk of fire.		

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## Manage the movement, sorting and storage of waste (OCS05)

Level: 4		Evidence	Portfolio Ref No	Comments
Understand the specific regulation, procedures and requirements for the	1.1. Describe the legislative requirements, codes of practice and guidance applicable to the movement, sorting and storage of waste from the site.	Туре		
movement, sorting and storage of waste.	Describe the legislative requirements and organisational procedures for dealing with unauthorised wastes.			
	1.3. Describe the records required by legislation for the movement, sorting and storage of waste on site.			
	1.4. Describe the planning permission, permit and environmental management system (EMS) for the site.			
	1.5. Describe the types, functions and limitations of waste handling equipment used on site.			
	1.6. Describe the procedures and handling requirements for the types of waste received on site.			
	Describe the procedures for managing work activities during the movement, sorting and storage of waste on site.			
	Describe the procedures for managing internal site traffic during the movement, sorting and storage of waste on site.			
	1.9. Describe the procedures for preventing fires during the movement, sorting and storage of waste on site.			

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2.	Understand the health, safety and environmental implications of movement, segregation and storage of waste.	2.1. Describe the organisational environmental policy and procedures applicable to the site.  2.2. Identify hazards associated with the movement, sorting and storage of waste on site in relation to:  • health and safety • environment  2.3. Describe the process of risk analysis to minimise hazards to personnel and the
		environment.
		2.4. Describe the lifting and handling techniques suitable for moving, sorting and
		storing wastes on site.
		2.5. Describe the organisational procedures for
		dealing with spillages and emissions on site.
		2.6. Describe the organisational procedures for dealing with fires on site.
		2.7. State the types of personal protective
		equipment (PPE) required and how they
		must be used, maintained and stored.
		2.8. Describe the importance of personnel
		compliance with health and safety
		requirements for:
		use of personal protective
		equipment (PPE)
		use of verte bandling a guing and
2	Po abla to implement	<ul> <li>use of waste handling equipment</li> <li>3.1 Implement systems and procedures for the</li> </ul>
3.	Be able to implement systems and	movement, sorting and storage of waste in
	procedures to	accordance with legislative requirements and
	manage the	organisational procedures.
	movement, sorting	3.2 Implement systems and procedures that
	and storage of	comply with legislative requirements to deal
	waste.	with wastes that need specific handling.



	3.3 Comply with legislative requirements and	
	organisational procedures for recording and	
	reporting risks to health, safety or the	
	environment.	
	3.4 Implement recording and information	
	systems for the sorting and storage of waste in accordance with legislative requirements and	
	organisational procedures.	
	3.5 Ensure that personnel understand the	
	procedures relating to the movement, sorting	
	_ ·	
	and storage of wastes and comply with them.  3.6 Ensure that personnel have received	
	recognised training before any machinery, plant	
	or equipment is used.	
4. Be able to manage	4.1 Identify hazards and minimise risks to health,	
vehicles, plant and crews	safety and the environment that arise from the	
on sites which handle	use of vehicles and plant on the site.	
waste.	4.2 Establish systems to control the movement of	
, vv (3) (C.	vehicles and plant on site to comply with health,	
	safety and organisational requirements.	
	4.3 Implement and enforce organisational	
	procedure to generate site rules for vehicles,	
	plant and crews on the site that comply with	
	legislative requirements and organisational	
	procedures.	
5. Be able to use, record	5.1 Give instructions for moving, sorting and	
and communicate	storage of waste in accordance with	
information.	organisational procedures.	
	5.2 Maintain records and provide information for	
	the moving, sorting and storage of waste.	
	5.3 Inform site personnel of all procedures for	
	onsite activities to maintain the quality of the	
	organisation's work.	
	5.4 Monitor and review the work programme	
	and instructions to ensure accuracy.	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	



	5.5 Communicate work instructions verbally and in writing.		
	5.6 Check that employees have understood work instructions.		
	5.7 Advise relevant people about accidents, incidents, interruptions to work, near hits and/or any situations that require their attention.		
	5.8 Maintain a record of training for all staff employed on the site.		
6. Be able to resolve problems which arise during or resulting from the movement, sorting	6.1 Recommend steps to rectify any staff shortages, equipment deficiencies or external factors that prevent the movement, sorting or storage of wastes.		
and storage of waste.	6.2 Seek specialist advice to resolve situations which arise outside own area of responsibility.		
	6.3 Implement procedures for dealing with spillages on site and ensure staff compliance.		



## Control work activities on a waste management facility (OCS06)

.evel: 4 .earning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Evidence Type	Portfolio Ref No	Comments
Understand the     underpinning     legislative     requirements and     organisational	Describe the legislative requirements, regulations, codes of practice and guidance applicable to safety, health and the environment for waste management operations.	,,		
procedures for managing waste operations.	1.2. State the types of personal protective equipment (PPE) required and how they must be used, maintained and stored.			
	Describe the legislative requirements and organisational procedures for dealing with unauthorised wastes.			
	Describe the organisational environmental policy and procedures applicable to the site.			
	1.5. Describe risk analysis to minimise hazards to personnel and the environment for the whole workplace.			
<ol> <li>Understand how to control work activities</li> </ol>	2.1. Describe the organisation's objectives and targets for the waste facility.			
in accordance with legislative requirements and	Describe the organisational procedures for managing work activities and personnel on site.			
organisational procedures.	2.3. Explain why it is important to ensure that personnel follow organisational procedures.			
	2.4. Describe the records required by legislation and organisational procedures in relation to work activities on the waste facility.			
	2.5. Explain how to identify, rectify and record discrepancies and defects arising from site activities.			

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	2.6. Explain why it is important to have planning permission, a permit and an environmental management system (EMS) for the site.  2.7. Describe how to report accidents and incidents that arise on site.  2.8. Explain why it is important to monitor compliance with work instructions, how to
	do this and how to respond to incidents of non-compliance.
Understand how to use and communicate data	3.1. Describe how to communicate work instructions to personnel verbally and in writing.
and information.	3.2. Explain why it is important to ensure each individual understands work instructions and how to do this.
	3.3. Describe the types of information required for the completion of paperwork regarding site activities.
4. Be able to control work activities on a waste facility.	<ul> <li>4.1. Implement and monitor work programmes which meet the legislative requirements and organisational procedures required for site activities, including: <ul> <li>safe systems of work</li> <li>risk assessment</li> <li>personal performance</li> </ul> </li> </ul>
	4.2. Ensure that work instructions comply with legislative requirements and organisational procedures.
	4.3. Confirm that personnel understand and comply with work instructions in accordance with legislative requirements and organisational procedures.
	4.4. Implement training for personnel before using any machinery, plant or equipment.



	4.5. Ensure that the resources necessary and personnel with the required skills are available.  4.6. Carry out risk assessment to identify potential hazards and take steps to reduce risks to personnel and the environment related to wastes which:  • are difficult to handle
	<ul> <li>may contain disguised materials or unacceptable components</li> <li>are unauthorised</li> <li>are likely to cause health problems</li> </ul>
5. Be able to use and communicate data and information on a	5.1. Communicate the work programmes and operational instructions verbally and in writing.
waste facility.	5.2. Confirm that all personnel have understood the work programmes and operational instructions.
	5.3. Maintain records of site activities in accordance with legislative and organisational requirements.
	5.4. Advise relevant people about accidents, incidents, interruptions to work or any situations that require their attention.
	5.5. Maintain records of training for all staff employed on the site.
Be able to resolve problems that may arise when	6.1. Rectify any personnel or equipment deficiencies or external causes that prevent the site activities from being carried out.
controlling work activities on a waste facility.	6.2. Report problems to relevant person in accordance with organisational procedures.
	6.3. Implement procedures for dealing with spillages on site and ensure that personnel understand and follow the prescribed procedures.



6.4. Recommend solutions for any breaches of		
legislative conditions revealed during		
routine inspections of the site.		

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## Manage the reception of non-hazardous waste (OC\$12)

Level: 3		Evidence	Portfolio Ref No	Comments
Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria	Туре	TOTHORO RET ITO	
<ol> <li>Understand the</li> </ol>	1.1. Describe the legislative requirements, codes			
regulations,	of practice and guidance applicable to the			
procedures and	reception of non-hazardous waste on the			
requirements for	site.			
managing waste	1.2. Describe the regulatory requirements and			
operations.	organisational procedures for dealing with			
	unauthorised wastes.			
	1.3. Describe the organisational procedures for			
	managing work activities on the site.			
	1.4. Describe the planning permission, permit			
	requirements and environmental			
	management system (EMS) for the site.			
	1.5. Describe the waste inspection, identification			
	procedures and handling requirements for			
	the types of non-hazardous waste received			
	on site.			
	1.6. Describe the uses, purposes and processing			
	requirements for documents relating to the			
	reception and validation of non-hazardous			
	waste received on the site.			
	1.7. Describe the records required by legislation			
	and by organisational procedures relating			
	to the reception, inspection and validation			
	of non-hazardous wastes.			
	1.8. Describe the organisational procedures for			
	the delivery of non-hazardous waste to the			
	site.			
2. Understand the	2.1. Describe the organisational environmental			
health, safety and	policy and procedures applicable to the			
environmental	site.			

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	impacts associated with the reception of non-hazardous waste.	2.2. Identify hazards associated with the reception of non-hazardous waste on site in relation to:  • health and safety • environment  2.3. Describe risk analysis to minimise hazards to personnel and the environment for the whole workplace.  2.4. Identify risks to the environment and human
		health resulting from the reception, inspection and validation of non-hazardous wastes.
		2.5. State the types of personal protective equipment (PPE) required and how they must be used, maintained and stored.
3.	Be able to implement systems and procedures to manage the	3.1. Implement systems and procedures for the reception and validation of non-hazardous wastes in accordance with legislative and organisational requirements.
	reception of non- hazardous waste.	3.2. Implement systems and procedures that comply with legislative requirements to deal with non-hazardous wastes that need specific handling.
		3.3. Implement systems and procedures that comply with legislative requirements for the rejection of unauthorised non-hazardous wastes.
		3.4. Establish systems to control the movement of vehicles entering, moving around and leaving the site.
		3.5. Ensure personnel implement procedures and comply with legislative requirements for non-hazardous waste reception.
		3.6. Ensure all procedures for the reception of non-hazardous wastes comply with



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	legislative requirements to maintain the quality of the organisation's work.		
	3.7. Implement security arrangements to		
	prevent the unauthorised delivery and		
	removal of non-hazardous wastes on the		
	site.		
4. Be able to use and	4.1. Give instructions to customers and site		
communicate	personnel about the procedures for		
information.	receiving and validating non-hazardous		
	waste.		
	4.2. Maintain records and information systems		
	relating to the reception, inspection and		
	validation of non-hazardous wastes that		
	meet legislative requirements.		
	4.3. Check the work programme and		
	instructions are accurate and complete.		
	4.4. Communicate work instructions verbally and		
	in writing.		
	4.5. Check that employees have understood		
	work instructions.		
	4.6. Advise colleagues and managers about		
	accidents, incidents, interruptions to work or		
	any situations that require attention.		
	4.7. Maintain a record of training for all staff		
	employed on transfer, recovery, transport		
	and disposal operations on site.		
	4.8. Notify customers and regulatory authorities		
	of any breaches of the legislative		
	requirements caused by the reception of		
	unacceptable non-hazardous waste.		
5. Be able to resolve	5.1. Take steps to rectify any staff shortages,		
problems which arise	equipment deficiencies or external factors		
from managing the	that prevent the reception of non-		
reception of non-	hazardous wastes.		
hazardous waste.			
nazaraous waste.	5.2. Seek expert advice to resolve situations		
	which are outside own area of responsibility.		



5.3. Advise relevant people of any breaches of		
security or other situations which require		
their attention.		



# Manage transfer and disposal from non-hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery operations (OC\$25)

		Evidence			
Level: 4 Learning Outcome	Assessment Criteria		Portfolio Ref No	Comments	
Understand the specific regulatory	Describe the legislative requirements, regulations, codes of practice and guidance applicable to the transfer and transport of non-hazardous clinical waste from the site.	Туре			
requirements for the transfer of outputs and	Describe the documentation required for the transport of non-hazardous clinical waste to comply with legislative requirements.				
disposal of residues from non-	1.3. Describe the regulatory requirements for the export of energy from a site.				
hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery	Describe the planning permission, permit requirements and environmental management system (EMS) for the site.				
operations	1.5. Describe the legislative requirements for the safe operation of machinery, plant and equipment.				
	1.6. Describe the quality inspection procedures, identification procedures and the handling requirements for the outputs from the site.				
2. Understand the organisational	2.1. Describe the organisational procedures for managing personnel and work activities.				
procedures for the transfer of outputs and	2.2. Describe the organisational procedures for the management and storage of the outputs and residues on site.				
disposal of residues from non-	2.3. Describe the organisational procedures for transport operations, supplying transport resources and their use.				
hazardous clinical waste transfer	2.4. Describe the organisational procedures for dealing with residues, out of specification recovered non-hazardous clinical waste and any other rejects from the process.				

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	and recovery operations	2.5. Identify the storage and handling requirements for the recovered non-hazardous clinical waste types produced on the site.  2.6. Identify the types, functions and limitations of waste handling equipment available for use on the site.  2.7. Describe the lifting and handling techniques that are suitable for the outputs and residues that are being transported from the site.
3.	Know how to identify risks and manage work-related hazards	3.1. Identify hazards associated with transferring and transporting non-hazardous clinical waste from the site in relation to:  • health and safety • environment  3.2. Describe the control measures to reduce or eliminate risks to safety, health and the environment on the site.  3.3. Describe the organisational procedures for dealing with spillages and emissions.  3.4. State the types of personal protective equipment (PPE) required and how they must be used, maintained and stored.  3.5. Describe the legal and organisational requirements for recording and reporting risks to health, safety and the environment.
4.	Be able to implement management systems for non-hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery operations	<ul> <li>4.1. Implement systems and procedures for the transfer and transport of outputs from the non-hazardous clinical waste transfer or recovery operation.</li> <li>4.2. Implement systems and procedures for the disposal of residues from the non-hazardous clinical waste transfer or recovery operation.</li> <li>4.3. Implement systems and procedures for the safe transfer of outputs from the non-hazardous clinical waste transfer or recovery operation.</li> <li>4.4. Make arrangements for the supply of resources needed to carry out the loading, transport or transfer operations from the site.</li> </ul>



		4.5. Make arrangements for the safe loading of the outputs and residues from the non-hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery operation.  4.6. Apply management systems to ensure that all procedures and waste transfer and disposal processes are adhered to.
5.	Be able to manage information for the transfer of outputs and disposal of residues from non- hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery operations	<ul> <li>5.1. Ensure that transport documentation for all materials leaving the site is completed in order to comply with legislative requirements and organisational procedures.</li> <li>5.2. Interpret process documentation and verify that the information is accurate and relates to the recovered wastes and residues.</li> <li>5.3. Maintain records of all outputs and residues leaving the site in accordance with legislative requirements and organisational procedures.</li> </ul>
6.	Be able to resolve problems which arise from the transfer of outputs and disposal of residues from non- hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery operations	<ul> <li>6.1. Take action to rectify any staff or transport shortages, equipment deficiencies or external causes that affect operations.</li> <li>6.2. Implement and communicate procedures for dealing with spillages on site.</li> <li>6.3. Seek specialist advice to resolve situations which are outside the responsibility of the job role.</li> </ul>



## Glossary

**Dynamic risk assessment** refers to the continuous process of identifying hazards and assessing risk as they arise during work activities so operators can take action to eliminate or reduce risk, as well as monitor and review existing control measures.

**Hazard** refers to a potential source of harm or negative health effect.

**Hazardous waste** refers to waste that is dangerous or potentially harmful to our health or the environment. Hazardous wastes can be liquids, solids, gases, or sludges.

Health and safety refers to the regulations and procedures intended to prevent accident or injury.

**Inert waste** refers to waste that does not experience any significant physical, chemical or biological transformations e.g. it will not dissolve, burn, react, biodegrade or adversely affect other matter.

Operator refers to the person who has control over the operation of a regulated facility

Organisational procedures refer to a series of principles, rules and guidelines designed to ensure organisations reach their long-term goals.

**Personal protective equipment (PPE)** refers to protective clothing, helmets, goggles or other equipment designed to protect your body from harm.

**Risk** refers to a situation that exposes someone or something of value to danger.

**Risk assessment** refers to a systematic process you are required to carry out by law to evaluate potential risks that may be involved in an activity.

**Training** refers to an organised activity designed to teach a person a particular skill or behaviour to improve performance.

Waste refers to a material, substance or by-product eliminated or discarded as no longer useful or required after the completion of a process.

**Waste hierarchy** prioritises ways of dealing with waste based on how good they are for the environment.

Working at height refers to any place where a person could fall a distance liable to cause personal injury.

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## **Qualification Structure**

To achieve this qualification, learners will need to complete six mandatory units:

#### **Mandatory Units**

Ofqual Code	ual Code Title		Code
A/508/0756	Maintain health and safety in the waste and resource management industry	4	OCS01
F/508/0757	Manage the environmental impact of work activities	4	OCS02
F/508/0760	Manage the movement, sorting and storage of waste	4	OCS05
R/508/0861	Control work activities on a waste management facility	4	OCS06
J/508/0887	Manage the reception of non-hazardous waste	3	OCS12
R/508/0990	Manage transfer and disposal from non-hazardous clinical waste transfer and recovery operations	4	OC\$25



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